

# **CDFA HYDRILLA ERADICATION PROGRAM ANNUAL PROGRESS REPORT 2011**

***PROTECTING CALIFORNIA'S WATERWAYS***



Front Cover:

An ornamental water lily pond on the grounds of the Los Angeles Natural History Museum, 1980. The pond is heavily infested with hydrilla, easily visible in the foreground of this photograph. Many hydrilla infestations in California have been associated with the movement of water lily bulbs (root crowns). Sometimes the bulbs were moved within California from an infested local pond (probable example: Shakey's Pond in Yuba County). Other times the bulbs came from nurseries in other part of the United States that are infested with hydrilla, such as this situation in L.A. Water lily bulbs are often very contorted and it can be easy to miss a piece of hydrilla root crown or a tuber caught within them.